

OTR/LAS
Area Training Program
23 April 1957

Examination on Basic Data-Western Europe

A. True or False Statements. Place a "T" (true) or "F" (false) as appropriate on the line at the left of each statement: (30 points)

- ___ 1. French governments (cabinets) have included no communist members since 1947.
- ___ 2. The EDC treaty was ratified by the French National Assembly before West German rearmament began.
- ___ 3. The Falange is the only political party permitted in Spain.
- ___ 4. Alcide De Gaspari headed the Italian right wing party, the MSI.
- ___ 5. The Swiss president is appointed for a 1-year term.
- ___ 6. West Germany is more than twice as densely populated as France.
- ___ 7. The first West-German national elections after World War II were held in 1949.
- ___ 8. The opposition leader of the British parliament is Nye Bevan.
- ___ 9. West Germany has now been admitted to the U.N.
- ___ 10. General Petain distinguished himself as a World War II resistance leader.
- ___ 11. One of the main reasons for West Germany's economic recovery was the 1948 currency reform.
- ___ 12. Erich Ollenhauer is the leader of the Social Democratic Party in West Germany.
- ___ 13. The so-called backward part of Italy begins at the Arno River.
- ___ 14. The Social Democratic Party in Sweden has been the party in power for over a generation.
- ___ 15. Free Europe (excluding West Berlin) has only 2 cities of over 2 million population each.

B. Completion. Fill in the missing word or phrase at each blank. (29 points)

1. The _____ River forms part of the boundary between France and Germany.
2. _____ is the capital of Switzerland.
3. Three major French rivers are _____, _____, _____.
4. The largest industrial section of Germany is called _____.
5. Another industrial area, _____, only recently became a state of West Germany.
6. Four leading French ports are _____, _____, _____, _____.
7. The two largest islands forming part of Italy are _____ and _____.
8. The _____ Mountains are a natural boundary between France and Spain.
9. _____ is the Foreign Minister of Great Britain.
10. The _____ Party is the current majority party in England.
11. The head of the Spanish State is _____.
12. The 4 countries of Free Europe with the largest populations are _____, _____, _____, _____.
13. Germany's largest port is _____.
14. Prior to 1944 Iceland belonged to _____.
15. Jean Sibelius' native country is _____.
16. The head of the Norwegian state is _____.
17. August Strindberg's native country was _____.

(15 points)

C. Multiple-Choice Statements. Check all choices which you believe to be correct.

1. The following have been Prime Ministers of Great Britain:
 - a. Henry Bessemer
 - b. Benjamin Disraeli
 - c. William Gladstone
 - d. Arthur Balfour
 - e. David Beatty
 - f. Duke of Wellington
 - g. Herbert Asquith
 - h. Andrew Bonar Law
 - i. Lord Curzon
 - j. Ramsey Mac Donald
2. The following countries are members of the European Coal and Steel Community:
 - a. Great Britain
 - b. West Germany
 - c. Switzerland
 - d. Italy
 - e. France
 - f. Belgium
 - g. Austria
 - h. Luxembourg
 - i. Denmark
 - j. Netherlands
3. The following countries are members of NATO:
 - a. U.S.A.
 - b. Great Britain
 - c. West Germany
 - d. France
 - e. Portugal
 - f. Italy
 - g. Denmark
 - h. Greece
 - i. Iceland
 - j. Finland
4. The following states are still monarchies:
 - a. Italy
 - b. Portugal
 - c. Belgium
 - d. Austria
 - e. Switzerland
 - f. Sweden
 - g. Iceland
 - h. Netherlands
 - i. Denmark
 - j. Norway
5. Britain and France were major participants in the following wars:
 - a. Hundred Years' War
 - b. Seven Years' War
 - c. Thirty Years' War
 - d. Napoleonic Wars
 - e. Crimean War
 - f. War of the Austrian Succession
 - g. Franco-Prussian War
 - h. War of the Spanish Succession
 - i. Wars of the Roses
 - j. Wars of German Unification

D. Association - General. Match Items by placing appropriate number on the line provided: (26 points).

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| 1. Hugh Gaitskell | _____ British conservative politician |
| 2. Aneurin Bevan | _____ former Premier of Belgium |
| 3. R. A. Butler | _____ Italian Social Democratic leader |
| 4. Paul-Henri Spaak | _____ former Premier of France |
| 5. Tage Erlander | _____ Chancellor of Austria |
| 6. Henri Foulade | _____ President of France |
| 7. Ortega Y Gasset | _____ Italian World War II General |
| 8. Giuseppe Saragat | _____ Premier of Italy |
| 9. Georges Bizet | _____ current French political extremist |
| 10. Antonio Salazar | _____ Spanish Author |
| 11. Ludwig Erhard | _____ West German Defense Minister |
| 12. Leon Blum | _____ Head of British Labor Party |
| 13. Julius Raab | _____ Prime Minister of Sweden |
| 14. Antonio Segni | _____ French author |
| 15. Pierre Laval | _____ West German Foreign Minister |
| 16. Adolf Heusinger | _____ Norwegian statesman |
| 17. Rene Coty | _____ Leader of British Labor Party's left wing |
| 18. Franz Joseph Strauss | _____ French Composer |
| 19. Gabriele D'Annunzio | _____ Vichy-Franch Premier |
| 20. Frans Hals | _____ Minister of Economics, West Germany |
| 21. Heinrich Von Brentano | _____ Chief of Staff of West German Armed Forces |
| 22. Andre Gide | _____ Premier of France |
| 23. Rodolfo Graziani | _____ Spanish Foreign Minister |
| 24. Guy Mollet | _____ Prime Minister of Portugal |
| 25. Trygve Lie | _____ Dutch painter |
| 26. Alberto Martin Artajo | _____ Italian poet |